THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 2145 Session of 2024

INTRODUCED BY SMITH-WADE-EL, KAZEEM, MADDEN, KINSEY, SAMUELSON, NEILSON, SANCHEZ, HILL-EVANS, CEPEDA-FREYTIZ, D. WILLIAMS, GREEN, HOHENSTEIN, GIRAL, KENYATTA, ROZZI, KHAN, DELLOSO AND O'MARA, MARCH 25, 2024

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, MARCH 25, 2024

AN ACT

- Amending Title 27 (Environmental Resources) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for Legionnaires' disease risk management; and imposing penalties.
- 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 5 hereby enacts as follows:
- 6 Section 1. Title 27 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
- 7 Statutes is amended by adding a chapter to read:
- 8 CHAPTER 67
- 9 LEGIONNAIRES' DISEASE RISK MANAGEMENT
- 10 <u>Sec.</u>
- 11 6701. Scope of chapter.
- 12 <u>6702</u>. <u>Definitions</u>.
- 13 6703. Duties of department.
- 14 <u>6704</u>. <u>Duties of suppliers of water</u>.
- 15 6705. Public education on Legionella bacteria.
- 16 6706. Enforcement orders.
- 17 6707. Penalties.

- 1 § 6701. Scope of chapter.
- 2 This chapter relates to the testing for and mitigation of the
- 3 Legionella bacteria in public water systems by the Department of
- 4 Environmental Protection.
- 5 § 6702. Definitions.
- 6 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
- 7 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 8 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 9 "Department." The Department of Environmental Protection of
- 10 the Commonwealth.
- 11 "Drinking water standards." As defined in section 3 of the
- 12 act of May 1, 1984 (P.L.206, No.43), known as the Pennsylvania
- 13 Safe Drinking Water Act.
- 14 "Planned disruption." A known, planned or anticipated
- 15 <u>disruption to a public water system. The term includes a</u>
- 16 disruption due to any of the following:
- 17 (1) Construction activities.
- 18 (2) Water and sewer system maintenance.
- 19 (3) Source water disturbances or maintenance.
- 20 (4) A change to a chemical or disinfectant treatment.
- 21 (5) Lead pipe and water infrastructure replacement.
- 22 (6) A change to water sourcing, pressure or flow.
- 23 "Public water system." As defined in section 3 of the
- 24 <u>Pennsylvania Safe Drinking Water Act.</u>
- 25 "Supplier of water." As defined in section 3 of the
- 26 Pennsylvania Safe Drinking Water Act.
- 27 "Unplanned disruption." An unplanned disruption to a public
- 28 water system. The term includes a disruption due to any of the
- 29 following:
- 30 (1) Flooding.

- 1 (2) A water main break.
- 2 <u>(3) A system failure and disruption.</u>
- 3 (4) An equipment failure.
- 4 <u>(5) An interruption to a chemical or disinfectant</u>
- 5 treatment.
- 6 <u>(6) A severe storm.</u>
- 7 <u>(7) An earthquake.</u>
- 8 <u>(8) A major fire.</u>
- 9 (9) An unplanned change to water sourcing, pressure or
- 10 flow.
- 11 § 6703. Duties of department.
- No later than 24 months from the effective date of this
- 13 <u>section</u>, the department shall promulgate regulations specifying
- 14 <u>all of the following:</u>
- 15 <u>(1) Disinfectant or sampling requirements for a public</u>
- 16 <u>water system to minimize the growth and transmission of</u>
- 17 Legionella bacteria.
- 18 (2) The monitoring of a public water system during a
- 19 planned disruption or unplanned disruption.
- 20 § 6704. Duties of suppliers of water.
- 21 (a) Duties.--Notwithstanding the drinking water standards, a
- 22 <u>supplier of water shall have the following duties:</u>
- 23 (1) Maintain a detectable residual disinfectant level of
- 24 at least 0.5 milligrams per liter of chlorine, not to exceed
- 25 the maximum residual disinfectant level set by the United
- 26 States Environmental Protection Agency, in a public water
- 27 <u>system.</u>
- 28 (2) At frequent and regular intervals, conduct water
- 29 sampling and analysis of residual disinfectant concentrations
- 30 to determine the residual disinfectant level of chlorine at

- 1 each point in a public water system.
- 2 (b) Mitigation of Legionella bacteria. -- As soon as
- 3 practicable, but no later than four hours after a supplier of
- 4 water becomes aware of a public water system disruption that may
- 5 result in increased levels of Legionella bacteria in the public
- 6 water system, a supplier of water shall conduct water sampling
- 7 and analysis for all of the following:
- 8 <u>(1) Legionella bacteria.</u>
- 9 (2) The residual disinfectant level of chlorine.
- 10 (c) Notice of planned disruptions. -- At least 30 days before
- 11 a planned disruption of a public water system, a supplier of
- 12 <u>water shall provide notice of the planned disruption to each</u>
- 13 <u>residential</u>, <u>commercial</u> or <u>institutional</u> <u>customer</u> and <u>each</u>
- 14 resident served by the public water system and located in the
- 15 service area.
- 16 (d) Notice of unplanned disruptions. -- As soon as
- 17 practicable, but no later than four hours after the time that a
- 18 supplier of water becomes aware of an unplanned disruption that
- 19 may result in increased levels of Legionella bacteria in the
- 20 public water system, the supplier of water shall provide notice
- 21 of the unplanned disruption to each residential, commercial or
- 22 institutional customer and each resident served by the public
- 23 <u>water system and located in the service area.</u>
- 24 (e) Contents of notice. -- A supplier of water shall include
- 25 <u>all of the following information in the notice required under</u>
- 26 subsection (c) or (d):
- 27 <u>(1) A specific description of the disruption.</u>
- 28 (2) The date, time and location of the disruption.
- 29 (3) The identification of each home, neighborhood and
- 30 area of the community at an elevated risk due to the

- disruption, including by evaluating water distribution flows
- 2 from the point of disruption to alert each customer or
- 3 residence likely to be impacted.
- 4 (4) A description of each action undertaken by the
- 5 <u>supplier of water to correct the effects of the disruption.</u>
- 6 (5) The expected time to resolve the initial disruption.
- 7 (6) Data on Legionella bacteria risks and other pathogen
- 8 <u>risks, including data on risks to individuals who are elderly</u>
- 9 <u>or immunocompromised.</u>
- 10 <u>(7) The estimated length of time that the level of</u>
- 11 <u>Legionella bacteria may remain elevated.</u>
- 12 <u>(8) Measures that each customer or resident can take to</u>
- 13 <u>reduce or eliminate exposure to Legionella bacteria,</u>
- including all of the following:
- 15 <u>(i) Flushing water lines during and after completion</u>
- of construction work.
- 17 (ii) Removing and cleaning faucet aerator screens
- and showerheads.
- 19 (iii) Installing a water filter or water treatment
- 20 <u>device to remove Legionella bacteria.</u>
- 21 (iv) Draining and flushing hot water heaters,
- including raising hot water temperature to a minimum of
- 23 130 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 24 § 6705. Public education on Legionella bacteria.
- 25 (a) Best practices guide. -- The department shall develop and
- 26 publish a best practices guide for individuals to reduce the
- 27 risk of contracting disease caused by Legionella bacteria.
- 28 (b) Consultation. -- In developing the best practices guide
- 29 under subsection (a), the department shall consult with all of
- 30 the following:

- 1 (1) The Department of Health.
- 2 (2) The Bureau of Consumer Protection in the Office of
- 3 Attorney General.
- 4 (3) Relevant stakeholders, including health care
- 5 professionals, water quality experts and health advocacy
- 6 organizations focused on disease caused by Legionella_
- 7 bacteria.
- 8 <u>§ 6706</u>. Enforcement orders.
- 9 (a) Issuance. -- The department may issue orders necessary to
- 10 aid in the enforcement of this chapter. An order may be issued
- 11 <u>if the department finds that a supplier of water is in violation</u>
- 12 of this chapter or of a regulation issued under this chapter.
- 13 The department may, in its order, require compliance with terms
- 14 and conditions necessary to effect the purposes of this chapter.
- 15 (b) Effective date of order. -- An order issued under this
- 16 <u>section shall take effect upon notice unless the order specifies</u>
- 17 otherwise.
- 18 (c) Other remedies preserved. -- The authority of the
- 19 department to issue an order under this section is in addition
- 20 to any penalty which may be imposed or any other action taken
- 21 under this chapter.
- 22 § 6707. Penalties.
- 23 (a) Civil remedies. -- The department may bring an action in a
- 24 court of competent jurisdiction to restrain and abate the
- 25 violation of this chapter or a regulation issued under this
- 26 chapter.
- 27 (b) Civil penalties.--
- 28 (1) In addition to a proceeding under any other remedy
- 29 available at law or in equity for a violation of a provision
- of this chapter, a regulation promulgated under section 6703

1	<u>(relating to duties of department) or an order of the</u>
2	department issued under section 6706 (relating to enforcement
3	orders), the department may impose a civil penalty upon a
4	supplier of water that willfully violates or otherwise fails
5	to comply with a provision of this chapter, a regulation
6	promulgated under section 6703 or an order of the department
7	issued under section 6706. The following shall apply to civil
8	penalties under this subsection:
9	(i) The amount of the civil penalty shall be as
10	<u>follows:</u>
11	(A) For a supplier of water serving a population
12	of more than 10,000, the department shall impose a
13	civil penalty of no more than \$1,000 per day for each
14	violation, not to exceed \$25,000 total for each
15	violation.
16	(B) For a supplier of water serving a population
17	of 3,301 to 10,000, the department shall impose a
18	civil penalty of no more than \$500 per day for each
19	violation, not to exceed \$12,500 total for each
20	violation.
21	(C) For a supplier of water serving a population
22	of 501 to 3,300, the department shall impose a civil
23	penalty of no more than \$250 per day for each
24	violation, not to exceed \$6,250 total for each
25	violation.
26	(D) For a supplier of water serving a population
27	of 500 or less, the department shall impose a civil
28	penalty of no more than \$100 per day for each
29	violation, not to exceed \$5,000 total for each
30	violation.

1	<u>(ii) Each day a violation occurs is a separate</u>
2	violation under this subsection.
3	(iii) A civil penalty imposed under this paragraph
4	shall be payable to the Commonwealth and collectible in
5	any manner provided at law for the collection of
6	penalties.
7	(2) In determining the amount of a civil penalty imposed
8	under paragraph (1), the department shall consider all of the
9	<pre>following:</pre>
10	(i) The willfulness of the violation, the extent to
11	which the existence of the violation was known to but
12	uncorrected by the supplier of water and the extent to
13	which the supplier of water exercised reasonable care.
14	(ii) The actual harm to the environment or human
15	health or safety, including injury to or impairment of
16	the use of the waters or natural resources of this
17	<pre>Commonwealth.</pre>
18	(iii) The cost of cleanup and the cost of
19	restoration of natural resources.
20	(iv) The nature and degree of injury to or
21	interference with general welfare, health and property.
22	(v) The extent to which the location of the
23	violation, including a location near the waters or
24	natural resources of this Commonwealth or an area of
25	human population, creates the potential for harm to the
26	environment or human health or safety.
27	(vi) The available technology and economic
28	reasonableness of controlling, reducing or eliminating
29	the violation.
30	(vii) The degree of hazard posed by the particular

1	pollutant involved.
2	(viii) The extent to which the violation is part of
3	a recurrent pattern of the same or similar type of
4	violation committed by the supplier of water.
5	(ix) Whether or not a penalty was assessed or will
6	be assessed under other provisions of this title.
7	(c) Notice and appeal of civil penalties If the department
8	proposes to impose a civil penalty under subsection (b)(1), the
9	department shall inform the supplier of water subject to the
10	civil penalty of the proposed amount of the civil penalty. The
11	supplier of water shall have a 30-day period to pay the proposed
12	civil penalty in full or, if the supplier of water wishes to
13	contest either the amount of the civil penalty or the fact of
14	the violation, the supplier of water shall, within the 30-day
15	period, file an appeal of the action with the Environmental
16	Hearing Board. Failure of the supplier of water to appeal within
17	the 30-day period shall result in a waiver of all legal rights
18	to contest the violation and the amount of the civil penalty.
19	(d) Payment of civil penalties The State Treasurer shall
20	deposit money collected from the civil penalties imposed under
21	subsection (b)(1) into the Safe Drinking Water Account.
22	Notwithstanding any provision of the act of May 1, 1984

- 23 (P.L.206, No.43), known as the Pennsylvania Safe Drinking Water
- 24 Act, the department shall use the money deposited into the Safe
- 25 <u>Drinking Water Account under this subsection only for the</u>
- 26 <u>following purposes:</u>
- 27 <u>(1) Education on minimizing Legionella bacteria and</u>
- 28 <u>related diseases for the general public, suppliers of water,</u>
- 29 <u>public water system building and facility owners and health</u>
- 30 care professionals.

- 1 (2) Ongoing Statewide research relating to Legionella
- 2 bacteria.
- 3 (3) Enforcement of the provisions of section 6704
- 4 <u>(relating to duties of suppliers of water).</u>
- 5 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024, or
- 6 immediately, whichever is later.