Sponsor: SENATOR RAFFERTY

Printer's No. 1337

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 1 through 4, by striking out all of 1

2 said lines and inserting

- Amending Titles 18 (Crimes and Offenses) and 75 (Vehicles) of 3 the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in culpability, 4 5 further providing for causal relationship between conduct and result; in criminal homicide, further providing for the 6 7 offense of murder; in miscellaneous provisions, further 8 providing for the offenses of homicide by vehicle, aggravated 9 assault by vehicle, homicide by vehicle while driving under influence and aggravated assault by vehicle while driving 10 11 under the influence; and, in driving after imbibing alcohol 12 or utilizing drugs, further providing for grading.
- 13 Amend Bill, page 1, lines 7 through 19; page 2, lines 1
- 14 through 30; page 3, lines 1 through 23; by striking out all of
- 15 said lines on said pages and inserting
- 16 Section 1. Sections 303(c) and 2502(c) of Title 18 of the 17 Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes are amended to read: § 303. Causal relationship between conduct and result. 18 * * *
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- (c) Divergence between probable and actual result. -- When recklessly or negligently causing a particular result is an element of an offense, the element is not established if the actual result is not within the risk of which the actor is aware or, in the case of negligence, of which he should be aware unless:
 - (1) the actual result differs from the probable result only in the respect that a different person or different property is injured or affected or that the probable injury or harm would have been more serious or more extensive than that caused; [or]
- (2) the actual result involves the same kind of injury or harm as the probable result and is not too remote or accidental in its occurrence to have a bearing on the liability of the actor or on the gravity of his offense[.]; <u>or</u>

(3) the actual result involves the death of a person caused by the actor committing an offense under section 2502(c)(2) (relating to murder), in which case the element of recklessly or negligently causing the death of the person shall be presumed.

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§ 2502. Murder.

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- (c) Murder of the third degree. --
- $\underline{\mbox{(1)}}$ All other kinds of murder shall be murder of the third degree. Murder of the third degree is a felony of the first degree.
- (2) This subsection applies to murder of an individual killed as a result of an offense committed under 75 Pa.C.S. § 3803(a)(3) (relating to grading).

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Section 2. Sections 3732(b), 3732.1(b) and 3735(a) of Title 75 are amended to read:

§ 3732. Homicide by vehicle.

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- (b) Sentencing. --
- (1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) may be sentenced to an additional term not to exceed five years' confinement if at trial the prosecution proves beyond a reasonable doubt that the offense occurred in an active work zone.
- (1.1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) [as the result of a violation of section] who is also convicted of a violation of section 1501 (relating to drivers required to be licensed), 1543 (relating to driving while operating privilege is suspended or revoked), 3316 (relating to prohibiting text-based communications), 3325 (relating to duty of driver on approach of emergency vehicle) or 3327 (relating to duty of driver in emergency response areas) [and who is convicted of violating section 3316, 3325 or 3327] may be sentenced to an additional term not to exceed five years' confinement [when the violation resulted in death].
- (2) The prosecution must indicate intent to proceed under this section in the indictment or information which commences the prosecution.
- (3) The Pennsylvania Commission on Sentencing, pursuant to 42 Pa.C.S. § 2154 (relating to adoption of guidelines for sentencing), shall provide for a sentencing enhancement for an offense under this section when the violation occurred in an active work zone or [was the result of a violation of section] the individual was also convicted of a violation of section 1501, 1543, 3316, 3325 or 3327.
- 50 § 3732.1. Aggravated assault by vehicle.

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- (1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) may be sentenced to an additional term not to exceed two years' confinement if at trial the prosecution proves beyond a reasonable doubt that the offense occurred in an active work zone.
- (2) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) [as the result of a violation of section] who is also convicted of a violation of section 1501 (relating to drivers required to be licensed), 1543 (relating to driving while operating privilege is suspended or revoked), 3316 (relating to prohibiting text-based communications), 3325 (relating to duty of driver on approach of emergency vehicle) or 3327 (relating to duty of driver in emergency response areas) [and who is convicted of violating section 3316, 3325 or 3327] may be sentenced to an additional term not to exceed two years' confinement [when the violation resulted in serious bodily injury].
- (3) The prosecution must indicate intent to proceed under this section in the indictment or information which commences the prosecution.
- (4) The Pennsylvania Commission on Sentencing, under 42 Pa.C.S. § 2154 (relating to adoption of guidelines for sentencing), shall provide for a sentencing enhancement for an offense under this section when the violation occurred in an active work zone or [was the result of a violation of section] the individual was also convicted of a violation of section 1501, 1543, 3316, 3325 or 3327.
- § 3735. Homicide by vehicle while driving under influence.
- (a) Offense defined.—[Any person who unintentionally causes the death of another person as the result of a violation of section 3802 (relating to driving under influence of alcohol or controlled substance) and who is convicted of violating section 3802 is guilty of a felony of the second degree when the violation is the cause of death and the sentencing court shall order the person to serve a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than three years. A consecutive three-year term of imprisonment shall be imposed for each victim whose death is the result of the violation of section 3802.]
 - (1) A person who unintentionally causes the death of another person as the result of a violation of section 3802 (relating to driving under influence of alcohol or controlled substance) and who is convicted of violating section 3802:
 - (i) is guilty of a felony of the second degree; or

 (ii) is guilty of a felony of the first degree if,

 before sentencing on the present violation, the person
 has incurred a conviction, adjudication of delinquency,
 juvenile consent decree, acceptance of Accelerated
 Rehabilitative Disposition or other form of preliminary

disposition for any of the following: 1 (A) An offense under section 3802. 2 3 (B) An offense under former section 3731 4 (relating to driving under influence of alcohol or 5 controlled substance). (C) An offense which constitutes a felony under 6 7 this subchapter. 8 (D) An offense substantially similar to an 9 offense under clause (A), (B) or (C) in another jurisdiction. 10 11 (E) Any combination of the offenses under clause (A), (B), (C) or (D). 12 (2) The sentencing court shall order a person convicted 13 under paragraph (1) (i) to serve a minimum term of 14 15 imprisonment of not less than three years. A consecutive three-year term of imprisonment shall be imposed for each 16 victim whose death is the result of a violation of section 17 18 3802. 19 (3) The sentencing court shall order a person convicted 20 under paragraph (1) (ii) to serve a minimum term of imprisonment of: 21 (i) Not less than five years if, before sentencing 22 23 on the present violation, the person has incurred one or two convictions, adjudications of delinquency, juvenile 24 25 consent decrees, acceptances of Accelerated Rehabilitative Disposition or other forms of preliminary 26 disposition for any of the offenses listed under 27 28 paragraph (1) (ii) (A), (B), (C), (D) or (E). A consecutive 29 five-year term of imprisonment shall be imposed for each victim whose death is the result of a violation of 30 31 section 3802. 32 (ii) Not less than seven years if, before sentencing 33 on the present violation, the person has incurred at <u>least three convictions</u>, <u>adjudications of delinquency</u>, 34 juvenile consent decrees, acceptances of Accelerated 35 36 Rehabilitative Disposition or other forms of preliminary disposition for any of the offenses listed under 37 38 paragraph (1) (ii) (A), (B), (C), (D) or (E). A consecutive seven-year term of imprisonment shall be imposed for each 39 victim whose death is the result of a violation of 40 section 3802. 41 42 Section 3. Section 3735.1 of Title 75 is amended by adding a 43 44 subsection to read: 45 § 3735.1. Aggravated assault by vehicle while driving under the 46 influence. * * * 47 (a.1) Sentencing. -- In addition to any other penalty provided 48 49 by law, a person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) and a violation of section 1501 (relating to drivers required to be 50

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licensed) or 1543 (relating to driving while operating privilege

is suspended or revoked) when committed at the same time and place may be sentenced to an additional term not to exceed two years' confinement.

Section 4. Section 3803(a) and (b) of Title 75 are amended to read:

§ 3803. Grading.

- (a) Basic offenses. -- Except as provided in subsection (b):
- (1) An individual who violates section 3802(a) (relating to driving under influence of alcohol or controlled substance) and has no more than one prior offense commits a misdemeanor for which the individual may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than six months and to pay a fine under section 3804 (relating to penalties).
- (2) An individual who violates section 3802(a) and has more than one prior offense commits a misdemeanor of the second degree[.], unless paragraph (3) applies.
- (3) An individual who violates section 3802 and has more than two prior offenses within a 10-year period commits a felony of the third degree.
- (b) Other offenses.--
- (1) An individual who violates section 3802(a)(1) where there was an accident resulting in bodily injury, serious bodily injury or death of any person or in damage to a vehicle or other property, or who violates section 3802(b), (e) or (f) and who has no more than one prior offense commits a misdemeanor for which the individual may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than six months and to pay a fine under section 3804.
- (2) An individual who violates section 3802(a)(1) where the individual refused testing of [blood or] breath or chemical testing pursuant to a valid search warrant, court order or any other basis permissible by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Pennsylvania, or who violates section 3802(c) or (d) and who has no prior offenses commits a misdemeanor for which the individual may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than six months and to pay a fine under section 3804.
- (3) An individual who violates section 3802(a)(1) where there was an accident resulting in bodily injury, serious bodily injury or death of any person or in damage to a vehicle or other property, or who violates section 3802(b), (e) or (f) and who has more than one prior offense commits a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (4) An individual who violates section 3802(a)(1) where the individual refused testing of [blood or] breath or chemical testing pursuant to a valid search warrant, court order or any other basis permissible by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Pennsylvania, or who violates section 3802(c) or (d) and who has one [or more] prior offenses commits a misdemeanor of the first degree.
 - (4.1) An individual who violates section 3802(a)(1)

where the individual refused testing of breath or chemical testing pursuant to a valid search warrant, court order or any other basis permissible by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Pennsylvania, or who violates section 3802(c) or (d) and who has more than one prior offense commits a felony of the third degree.

- (5) An individual who violates section 3802 where a minor under 18 years of age was an occupant in the vehicle when the violation occurred commits a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- 11 Section 5. This act shall take effect in 60 days.